TsideIdel First Nation Consolidated Financial Statements

March 31, 2023

Tsideldel First Nation Contents

For the year ended March 31, 2023

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Management's Responsibility

To the Members of Tsideldel First Nation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Tsideldel First Nation are the responsibility of management and have been approved by the Chief and Council.

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements, including responsibility for significant accounting judgments and estimates in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. This responsibility includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and methods, and making decisions affecting the measurement of transactions in which objective judgment is required.

In discharging its responsibilities for the integrity and fairness of the consolidated financial statements, management designs and maintains the necessary accounting systems and related internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are authorized, assets are safeguarded and financial records are properly maintained to provide reliable information for the preparation of consolidated financial statements.

The Tsideldel First Nation Council is responsible for overseeing management in the performance of its financial reporting responsibilities, and for approving the consolidated financial statements. The Council fulfils these responsibilities by reviewing the financial information prepared by management and discussing relevant matters with management and external auditors. The Council is also responsible for recommending the appointment of the Nation's external auditors.

MNP LLP is appointed by the Members to audit the consolidated financial statements and report directly to them; their report follows. The external auditor has full and free access to, and meet periodically and separately with, both the Council and management to discuss their audit findings.

July 24, 2023

Chief Administrative

Officer

Independent Auditor's Report



To the Members of Tsideldel First Nation:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Tsideldel First Nation and its subsidiaries (the "First Nation"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2023, and the consolidated statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and related schedules.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the First Nation as at March 31, 2023, and the results of its consolidated operations, changes in its net financial assets and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the First Nation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the First Nation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the First Nation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:



T: 250.564.1111 F: 250.562.4950 MNP.ca

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the First Nation's internal control
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the First Nation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the First Nation to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Prince George, British Columbia

July 24, 2023

MNP LLP
Chartered Professional Accountants



Tsideldel First Nation Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

	As	at	Mai	ch	31.	20	23
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Councilor

Councilor

Councilor

	2023	2022
Financial assets		
Cash (Note 3)	13,012,015	5,609,770
Portfolio investments (Note 4)	1,311,586	591,319
Accounts receivable and accruals (Note 5)	336,976	574,964
Inventory for resale	-	139,315
Funds held in trust (Note 6)	1,115,603	1,080,665
Investments in Nation business entities (Note 7)	3,731,705	1,496,927
Total financial assets	19,507,885	9,492,960
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accruals (Note 8)	870,297	883,277
Deferred revenue (Note 9)	5,427,277	989,715
Advances from related Nation business entities	34,515	-
Debt (Note 10)	701,699	1,754,593
Total liabilities	7,033,788	3,627,585
Net financial assets	12,474,097	5,865,375
Contingencies (Note 11)		
Non-financial assets		
Tangible capital assets (Note 12) (Schedule 1)	15,035,054	14,581,205
Prepaid expenses	79,462	61,140
Total non-financial assets	15,114,516	14,642,345
Accumulated surplus (Note 13)	27,588,613	20,507,720

Approved on behalf of Chief and Council:

Chief

Councilor

Councilor

TsideIdel First Nation Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus For the year ended March 31, 2023

	Schedules	2023 Budget (Note 16)	2023	2022
Revenue				
Indigenous Services Canada (Note 14)		5,296,625	7,473,534	4,611,637
First Nations Health Authority		1,513,277	2,096,916	1,896,959
Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation		52,460	69,516	52,460
Other revenue		1,788,557	2,900,996	2,398,852
Tsilhqot'in National Government		136,846	1,358,922	344,221
Earnings from investments in Nation business entities (Note 7)		-	1,355,205	586,743
Forest range revenue		288,710	288,710	288,710
Rental income		137,699	277,626	222,531
First Nation Education Steering Committee		-	206,196	236,426
Interest income		7,188	143,894	26,658
Operational costs recovery		-	-	218,889
Redstone Gas Bar		-	-	2,139,261
ATM		-	-	4,746
Gain (loss) on disposal of business entities		-	-	(23,223)
Gain on forgiveness of debt		-	-	8,437
		9,221,362	16,171,515	13,013,307
Program expenses				
Nation Support	3	1,268,052	1,808,254	1,990,144
Education	4	1,727,778	1,796,221	1,644,957
Social Assistance	5	928,608	1,338,224	999,515
Capital	6	397,893	1,131,725	676,297
Social Housing (recovery)	7	86,152	240,648	(67,013)
Economic Development	8	33,675	805,537	2,530,707
Health	9	1,973,569	1,970,013	1,863,138
Total expenses (Schedule 2)		6,415,727	9,090,622	9,637,745
Annual surplus		2,805,635	7,080,893	3,375,562
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year		20,507,720	20,507,720	17,132,158
Accumulated surplus, end of year		23,313,355	27,588,613	20,507,720

TsideIdel First Nation

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

For the year ended March 31, 2023

	2023 Budget (Note 16)	2023	2022
Annual surplus	2,805,635	7,080,893	3,375,562
Purchases of tangible capital assets	, , <u>-</u>	(2,932,178)	(1,647,952)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	-	525,182	552,531
Reassessment of previously consolidated entities	_	1,953,147	-
Use (acquisition of prepaid expenses)	-	(18,322)	59,487
Increase in net financial assets	2,805,635	6,608,722	2,339,628
Net financial assets, beginning of year	5,865,374	5,865,375	3,525,747
Net financial assets, end of year	8,671,009	12,474,097	5,865,375

TsideIdel First NationConsolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31, 2023

	2023	2022
Cash provided by (used for) the following activities Operating activities		
Annual surplus	7,080,893	3,375,562
Non-cash items	1,000,093	3,373,302
Amortization	525,182	552,531
Bad debts	49,559	73,160
Earnings from Investments in Nation business entities	(1,355,205)	(586,683)
Trust fund interest revenue	(34,938)	(21,929)
Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets	(0.,000)	23,224
Loss (gain) on forgiveness of debt	-	(8,437)
Net effects of reassessment of previously consolidated entities	206,695	-
	6,472,186	3,407,428
Changes in working capital accounts		
Accounts receivable and accruals	188,429	(252,669)
Portfolio investments	(720,267)	(4,729)
Inventory for resale	-	(52,764)
Accounts payable and accruals	(12,980)	(174,219)
Deferred revenue	4,437,562	589,804
Prepaid Expenses	(18,322)	59,486
	10,346,608	3,572,337
Financing activities		
Repayment of debt	(46,700)	(133,283)
Advances from related Nation business entities	34,515	(14,786)
	(12,185)	(148,069)
Capital activities		
Purchases of tangible capital assets	(2,932,178)	(1,647,952)
Increase in cash	7,402,245	1,776,316
Cash, beginning of year	5,609,770	3,833,454
Cash, end of year	13,012,015	5,609,770

Tsideldel First Nation Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

1. Operations

Tsideldel First Nation (the "Nation") is located in the province of British Columbia, and provides various services to its members. Tsideldel First Nation includes the members, government and all related entities that are accountable to the Nation and are either owned or controlled by the Nation.

2. Significant accounting policies

These consolidated financial statements are the representations of management, prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and include the following significant accounting policies:

Reporting entities consolidated

The financial statements consolidate the financial activities of all entities and departments comprising the First Nation reporting entity, except for First Nation business entities. Trusts administered on behalf of third parties by Tsideldel First Nation are excluded from the First Nation reporting entity.

The First Nation has consolidated the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of the following entities and departments:

- Social Housing
- Tsi'deldel Development Corporation

All inter-entity balances have been eliminated on consolidation.

Tsideldel First Nation business entities, owned or controlled by the First Nation's Council but not dependent on the First Nation for their continuing operations, are included in the consolidated financial statements using the modified equity method. Under the modified equity method, the equity method of accounting is modified only to the extent that the business entity accounting principles are not adjusted to conform to those of the First Nation. Thus, the First Nation's investment in this entity is recorded at acquisition cost and is increased for the proportionate share of post acquisition earnings and decreased by post acquisition losses and distributions received. The entity accounted for by the modified equity basis is:

- Tsi'deldel Development Limited Partnership (99.99%)

Entities that are not controlled or jointly controlled are accounted for at cost. These include:

- Tsi Del Del Enterprises Ltd. (50%)
- River West Forest Products Ltd. (22%)
- Eniyud Community Forests Ltd. (50%)
- Cariboo Indian Enterprises Ltd. (7%)
- Central Chilcotin Rehabilitation Ltd. (50%)
- Dandzen Development Limited Partnership (17%)

Basis of presentation

Sources of revenue and expenses are recorded on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenue as it becomes available and measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

TsideIdel First Nation Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

Net financial assets

The First Nation's consolidated financial statements are presented so as to highlight net financial assets as the measurement of consolidated financial position. The net financial assets of the First Nation are determined by its financial assets less its liabilities. Net financial assets combined with non-financial assets comprise a second indicator of consolidated financial position, accumulated surplus.

Asset classification

Assets are classified as either financial or non-financial. Financial assets are assets that could be used to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. Non-financial assets are acquired, constructed or developed assets that do not normally provide resources to discharge existing liabilities but are employed to deliver government services, may be consumed in normal operations and are not for resale in the normal course of operations. Non-financial assets include tangible capital assets and prepaid expenses.

Cash resources

Cash resources include balances with banks and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less. Cash subject to restrictions that prevent its use for current purposes is included in cash as restricted cash (Note 3).

Funds held in trust

Funds held in trust on behalf of First Nation members by the Government of Canada in the Ottawa Trust Fund are reported on the consolidated statement of financial position. Trust moneys consist of:

- Capital trust monies derived from non-renewable resource transactions on land or other First Nation tangible capital assets; and
- Revenue trust monies generated primarily through land leasing transactions or interest earned on deposits held in trust.

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are initially recorded at cost. Contributed tangible capital assets are recorded at their fair value at the date of contribution.

All intangible assets and items inherited by the rights of the Nation, such as reserve land, forests, water and mineral resources are not recognized in the Nation's consolidated financial statements.

As amounts from prior years could not be reasonably estimated, the following tangible capital assets are recorded at a nominal value of \$1 - land, automotive equipment, community centre, Nation office building, fire hall, fire truck, kindergarten building, office equipment, pump house and shop equipment.

Amortization

Tangible capital assets are amortized over the expected useful life of the assets using the declining balance method. In the year of acquisition, amortization is taken at one-half of the following rates:

Rate

Buildings	4 %
Infrastructure	4 %
Equipment	20-30 %

2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

designated as unlikely to be collected.

Revenue recognition

i) Government Transfers

The Nation recognizes a government transfer as revenue when the transfer is authorized and all eligibility criteria, if any, have been met. A government transfer with stipulations giving rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability is recognized as a liability. In such circumstances, the Nation recognizes revenue as the liability is settled. Transfers of non-depreciable assets are recognized in revenue when received or receivable.

- II) First Nation Capital and Revenue Trust Funds The Nation recognizes revenue of the Capital and Revenue trusts when earned.
- iii) Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation ("CMHC")
 CMHC revenue is recognized as it becomes receivable under the terms of the applicable funding agreements.
 Funding received under the funding agreements that relate to a subsequent fiscal period are reflected as deferred revenue on the consolidated statement of financial position in the year of receipt.
- iv) Housing Rental Income
 Rental revenue is recorded in the year it is earned. At the end of each year, management evaluates whether rent
 revenue is collectible and records a bad debt expense and allowance for doubtful accounts for those amounts
- v) Other Revenue
 Other revenue is recognized when performance is achieved, amounts are reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.
- vi) Investment Income Investment income is recognized by the Nation when the investment income is earned.

Inventory for resale

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined by the first-in, first-out method. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling costs.

Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses included in non-financial assets include payment for services that have not been provided as of year end.

Measurement uncertainty (use of estimates)

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period.

Accounts receivable, and amounts due from related Nation entities and departments, are stated after evaluation as to their collectability and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary. Amortization is based on the estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets. Liabilities for contaminated sites are estimated based on the best information available regarding potentially contaminated sites that the Nation is responsible for.

These estimates are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in the operations of the period in which they become known.

TsideIdel First Nation Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

Long-lived assets

Long-lived assets consist of tangible capital assets. Long-lived assets held for use are measured and amortized as described in the applicable accounting policies.

The Nation performs impairment testing on long-lived assets held for use whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset, or group of assets, may not be recoverable. Impairment losses are recognized when an asset's service potential is reduced. Impairment is measured as the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its fair value. Fair value is measured using prices for similar items. Any impairment is included in operations for the year.

The Nation does not perform impairment testing on its long-lived assets that are held for public administration and situated on its reserve land as it is not possible to determine their fair value.

Segments

The First Nation conducts its business through seven reportable segments as described in Note 14. These operating segments are established by senior management to facilitate the achievement of the First Nation's long-term objectives to aid in resource allocation decisions, and to assess operational performance.

For each reported segment, revenue and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis.

The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements as disclosed in Note 2 Significant accounting policies.

Liability for contaminated site

A liability for remediation of a contaminated site is recognized at the best estimate of the amount required to remediate the contaminated site when contamination exceeding an environmental standard exists, the First Nation is either directly responsible or accepts responsibility, it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up, and a reasonable estimate of the amount is determinable. The best estimate of the liability includes all costs directly attributable to remediation activities and is reduced by expected net recoveries based on information available at March 31, 2023.

At each financial reporting date, the First Nation reviews the carrying amount of the liability. Any revisions required to the amount previously recognized is accounted for in the period revisions are made. The First Nation continues to recognize the liability until it is settled or otherwise extinguished. Disbursements made to settle the liability are deducted from the reported liability when they are made. As at March 31, 2023 no liability exists (March 31, 2022 - no liability).

Asset retirement obligation

A liability for an asset retirement obligation is recognized at the best estimate of the amount required to retire a tangible capital asset (or a component thereof) at the financial statement date when there is a legal obligation for the First Nation to incur retirement costs in relation to a tangible capital asset (or component thereof), the past transaction or event giving rise to the liability has occurred, it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up, and a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made. The best estimate of the liability includes all costs directly attributable to asset retirement activities, based on information available at March 31, 2023. The best estimate of an asset retirement obligation incorporates a present value technique, when the cash flows required to settle or otherwise extinguish an asset retirement obligation are expected to occur over extended future periods.

When a liability for an asset retirement obligation is initially recognized, a corresponding asset retirement cost is capitalized to the carrying amount of the related tangible capital asset (or component thereof). The asset retirement cost is amortized over the useful life of the related asset.

At each financial reporting date, the First Nation reviews the carrying amount of the liability. The First Nation recognizes period-to-period changes to the liability due to the passage of time as accretion expense. Changes to the liability arising from revisions to either the timing, the amount of the original estimate of undiscounted cash flows or the discount rate are recognized as an increase or decrease to the carrying amount of the related tangible capital asset.

2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

The First Nation continues to recognize the liability until it is settled or otherwise extinguished. Disbursements made to settle the liability are deducted from the reported liability when they are made.

As at March 31, 2023, no asset retirement obligations exists.

Financial instruments

The Nation recognizes its financial instruments when the Nation becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. All financial instruments are initially reorded at their fair value.

The Nation has designated endowment and trustee funds to be subsequently measured at their fair value. Fair value is determined by quoted prices in active markets.

The Nation subsequently measures investments in equity instruments quoted in an active market and all derivative instruments, except those that are linked to, and must be settled by delivery of, unquoted equity instruments of another entity, at fair value. Fair value is determined by published price quotations. Transactions to purchase or sell these items are recorded on the trade date. Net gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses. Investments in equity instruments not quoted in an active market and derivatives that are linked to, and must be settled by delivery of, unquoted equity instruments of another entity, are subsequently measured at cost. With the exception of those instruments designated at fair value, all other financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

Transaction costs directly attributable to the origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption of financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value are immediately recognized in operating annual surplus. Conversely, transaction costs are added to the carrying amount for those financial instruments subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost.

The Nation as part of its operations carries a number of financial instruments. It is management's opinion that the First Nation is not exposed to significant market, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments except as otherwise disclosed.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk to the Nation's earnings that arises from fluctuations in market interest rates and the degree of volatility of these rates. The Nation does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to interest rate risk. During 2023, interest rate has risen significantly but management expects interest rates to remain relatively constant for the coming year and therefore considers the related risk to be low.

Change in account policy

Financial Instruments

Effective April 1, 2022, the Nation adopted the Public Sector Accounting Board's (PSAB) new recommendations for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of financial assets, financial liabilities and derivatives under PS 3450 Financial Instruments. The new Section is applied prospectively, and prior periods have not been restated.

Asset Retirement Obligations

Effective April 1, 2022, the Nation adopted the Public Sector Accounting Board's (PSAB) accounting standard PS 3280 Asset Retirement Obligation.

Tsideldel First Nation Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

Cash		
	2023	202
Operating fund	11,802,096	4,550,652
Social housing - restricted cash	60,848	55,59
Economic development	41	364,45
Gaming - restricted cash	1,149,030	639,06
	13,012,015	5,609,77
Portfolio investments		
	2023	20
Guaranteed investment certificate bearing interest at 0.80% per annum, maturing March 2024, deposit is held as collateral against demand loans held by the Nation.	588,346	583,67
Guaranteed investment certificate bearing interest at 0.80% per annum, maturing December 2023.	2,306	2,28
Guaranteed investment certificate bearing interest at 1.5% per annum, maturing May 2027.	5,355	5,35
BMO Nesbitt Burns - mixed portoflio of cash, fixed income, and equities	715,579	-
	1,311,586	591,31
Market value of the BMO Nesbitt Burns portfolio investments as of March 31, 2023 is \$717	,048.	
Accounts receivable and accruals		
	2023	20
Trade receivables	778,490	934,38
Goods and Services Tax rebate	12,462	30,32
Social Housing	32,513	22,35
Economic Development	-	53,41
	000 405	1,040,48
	823,465	1,040,40
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(486,489)	(465,52

Tsideldel First Nation Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

2023

2022

6. Funds held in trust

Capital and revenue trust monies are transferred to the First Nation on the authorization of the Minister of Indigenous Services Canada, with the consent of the First Nation's Council.

	2023	2022
Capital Trust Balance, beginning and end of year	365,086	365,086
Balance, beginning and one of year	300,000	000,000
Revenue Trust		
Balance, beginning of year	715,579	693,650
Interest	33,414	20,378
BC Special	1,524	1,551
Balance, end of year	750,517	715,579
	1,115,603	1,080,665

Ottawa Trust Funds

The Ottawa Trust accounts arise from monies derived from capital or revenue sources as outlined in Section 62 of the *Indian Act*. These funds are held in trust in the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Government of Canada and are subject to audit by the Office of the Auditor General of Canada. The management of these funds is primarily governed by Section 63 to 69 of the *Indian Act*.

7. Investments in Nation business entities

The First Nation has investments in the following entities:

•				2023
	Investment opening value	Annual share of earnings	Reassessment of previously consolidated entities	Total investment
Nation Partnership – Modified Equity: Tsi'deldel Limited Partnership - 99.99%	1,496,654	1,355,205	878,573	3,730,432
Nation Investments - Recorded at Cost:				
Tsi Del Del Enterprises Ltd. (50%)	1	-	-	1
River West Forest Products Ltd. (22%)	1	-	-	1
Eniyud Community Forests Ltd. (50%)	1,250	-	-	1,250
Cariboo Indian Enterprises Ltd. (7%)	1	-	-	1
Central Chilcotin Rehabilitation Ltd. (50%)	20	-	-	20
	1,273	-	-	1,273
	1,497,927	1,355,205	878,573	3,731,705

7. Investments in Nation business entities (Continued from previous page)

	Investment cost	Loans / advances	Annual share of earnings	2022 Total investment
Nation Partnership – Modified Equity: Tsi Del Del Timber Development Limited Partnership - 99.99%	909,971	-	586,683	1,496,654
Nation Investments - Recorded at Cost:				
Tsi Del Del Enterprises Ltd. (50%)	1	-	-	1
River West Forest Products Ltd. (22%)	1	-	-	1
Eniyud Community Forests Ltd. (50%)	250	-	-	250
Cariboo Indian Enterprises Ltd. (7%)	1	-	-	1
Central Chilcotin Rehabilitation Ltd. (50%)	20	-	-	20
	273	-	-	273
	910,244	-	586,683	1,496,927

The advances made to the Nation partnerships and business entities are recorded net of allowances, have no set terms of repayments, are non-interest bearing and are unsecured.

Summary financial information for the First Nation business partnership, accounted for using the modified equity method, for its respective year-end is as follows:

Limited
As at December 31, 2022 (unaudited)
31, 2022 (unaudited)
Assets (unaudited)
7.555.5
Cash 689.164
Trade and other receivables 2.768
Prepaid expenses and deposits 17,739
Advances to related party 34,503
Total assets 744,174
Investments in partnerships 3,047,637
3,791,811
Liabilities
Accounts payable and accruals 52,004
Advances from related parties 9,374
Total liabilities 61,378
Partners' Capital 682,796
Total revenue 1,722,641
Total expenses 367,436
Net income 1,355,205

TsideIdel First Nation Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

7. Investments in Nation business entities (Continued from previous page)

The Nation owns 22% of the issued common shares in River West Forest Products Ltd. (the "Company") which is a Canadian controlled private corporation incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia. The Company operates a sawmill in the Chilcotin area west of William Lake, British Columbia. The Company was inactive and had no operations as at March 31, 2023.

The Nation is a limited partner that has 17% shared interests for Dandzen Development Limited Partnership (the "Partnership"). The Partnership operates a solar farm, a one Megawatt (1.25 MWdc) solar photovoltaic (PV) plant on the site of the River West sawmill. The Government does not have control over the Partnership. As a result, the Partnership is recorded at cost as at March 31, 2023. In addition, no contributions have been made by the Nation and no distributions from the partnership were received during the year.

8. Accounts payable and accruals

	2023 679,558 186,110 1,629 3,000	2022
Accounts payable and accruals	679,558	692,731
Wages payable and government remittances	186,110	148,793
Social Housing	1,629	1,853
Economic development	3,000	39,900
	870.297	883.277
	010,231	000,211

9. Deferred revenue

The Nation has recorded the following externally restricted funding as deferred revenue to be used in the completion of ongoing projects:

	2023	2022
Deferred funding contributions		
Tsi'deldel Road Improvements - Indigenous Services Canada - ICMS#9-00126206	5,008,947	-
ACRS - Indigenous Services Canada - ICMS#9-00130775	256,250	-
Community building - Indigenous Services Canada - ICMS#9-00131026	104,355	-
Tsideldel Road Improvements - Indigenous Services Canada - ICMS#9-00126206	57,627	529,986
Prepaid rent	98	10,133
Health clinic - First Nations Health Authority - PA1600158	-	391,637
Water systems upgrades - Indigenous Services Canada - CPMS #6364	-	57,959
	5,427,277	989,715

Tsideldel First Nation Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

10. Debt

Desit	2023	2022
All Nations Trust - loan repayable in monthly blended payments of \$2,848, bearing interest at 2.04% per annum, maturing March 2039, secured by building with a net book value of \$557,608 (2021 - \$580,842).	449,433	472,766
Bank of Montreal - loan repayable in monthly blended payments of \$1,797, bearing interest at prime plus 0.5% per annum, maturing March 2026, secured by Tsideldel First Nation general security agreement.	63,124	78,343
Bank of Montreal - loan repayable in monthly blended payments of \$858, bearing interest at prime plus 0.5% per annum, maturing October 2029, secured by Tsideldel First Nation general security agreement.	57,114	62,819
Bank of Montreal - loan repayable in monthly blended payments of \$563, bearing interest at prime plus 0.5% per annum, maturing October 2029, secured by Tsideldel First Nation general security agreement.	39,005	42,906
Bank of Montreal - loan repayable in monthly blended payments of \$775, bearing interest at prime plus 0.5% per annum, maturing October 2027, secured by Tsideldel First Nation general security agreement.	37,157	43,176
Bank of Montreal - loan repayable in monthly blended payments of \$448, bearing interest at prime plus 0.5% per annum, maturing October 2029, secured by Tsideldel First Nation general security agreement.	31,780	34,488
Puntzi Lake Fishing Camp Claim	15,000	-
Bank of Montreal - loan bearing interest at prime plus 0.5% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$510 guaranteed by Tsideldel First Nation general security agreement, maturing October 2024	9,086	13,901
Bank of Montreal - removal of debt due to reassessment of previously consolidated entities	-	846,193
Suncor Energy Products Partnership (Petro-Canada) - removal of debt due to reassessment of previously consolidated entities	-	100,000
Bank of Montreal - removal of debt due to reassessment of previously consolidated entities	-	60,000
	701,699	1,754,592

10. Debt (Continued from previous page)

Prime rate at March 31, 2023 was 6.70% (2022 - 2.70%).

Repayments on long-term debt in each of the next five years and thereafter, assuming long-term debt subject to refinancing is renewed, are estimated as follows:

2024	92,889
2025	76,595
2026	75,916
2027	56,103
2028	49,836
	351,339
Thereafter	350,360
	704.000
	701,699

11. Contingencies

- (a) The financial results of the CMHC Social Housing program are subject to review by CMHC. It is possible that adjustments could be made based on the results of their review.
- (b) The Nation is subject to funding recoveries according to their agreements with federal government agencies. It has not yet been determined to what extent any funding amounts related to the year ended March 31, 2023 might be recovered.

12. Tangible capital assets

The tangible capital assets reconciliation is included in Schedule 1.

Infrastructure includes tangible capital assets with a carrying value of \$1,879,825 (2022 - \$1,871,921). No amortization of these assets has been recorded during the year because they are currently under construction.

13. Accumulated surplus

Accumulated surplus consists of the following:

	2023	2022
Ottown Trust Funds	4.445.000	4 000 005
Ottawa Trust Funds	1,115,603	1,080,665
Operating fund	8,392,858	5,060,886
Enterprise fund	3,731,705	1,496,927
Equity in tangible capital assets	14,333,355	12,826,612
CMHC Replacement and operating reserve	15,092	42,630
	27,588,613	20,507,720

14. Indigenous Services Canada funding reconciliation

	2023	2022
ISC funding per financial statements	7,473,534	4,611,637
Recoveries	2,426	4,500
Current year deferred revenue	5,427,179	374,696
Prior year deferred revenue	(587,935)	(49,916)
ISC funding per confirmation	12,315,204	4,940,917

15. Economic dependence

Tsideldel First Nation receives a significant portion of its revenue from Indigenous Services Canada ("ISC") as a result of funding agreements entered into with the Government of Canada. These funding agreements are administered by ISC under the terms and conditions of the *Indian Act*. The ability of the First Nation to continue operations is dependent upon the Government of Canada's continued financial commitments as guaranteed by these treaties.

16. Budget information

The disclosed budget information has been approved by the Chief and Council of the Tsideldel First Nation. The original budget was approved at the Chief and Council meeting held on October 17, 2022.

Budgets were not prepared for all segments and all departments in 2023. As such, the budget figures in the Consolidated Statement of Operations are not presented for the same scope of activities as the actual results.

17. Segments

The Nation receives revenue from many different projects and sources. For management and reporting purposes, the revenue, expenses, and surplus or deficits are organized by the following segments:

Nation Support

Includes general operations, support, and financial management of Tsideldel First Nation.

Education

Includes revenue and expenses related to primary, secondary and post secondary education of the members of Tsideldel First Nation.

Social Assistance

Includes revenue and expenses relating to the delivery of social assistance to members of Tsideldel First Nation.

Capital

Includes revenue and expenditures of capital projects.

Social Housing

Includes revenue and expenditures relating to the operation of Tsideldel First Nation's social housing program.

Economic Development

Includes activities related to the growth of revenue producing projects within Tsideldel First Nation.

Health

Includes activities related to the provision of health services for Tsideldel First Nation.

18. Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with current year's presentation.

Schedule 1 - Consolidated Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets

For the year ended March 31, 2023 **Tsideldel First Nation**

	Buildings	Infrastructure	Land	Equipment	2023	2022
Cost Balance, beginning of year Acquisition of tangible capital assets Reassessment of previously consolidated entities	14,787,556 24,519 (1,812,055)	7,898,909 2,907,659	290,139 - (212,139)	775,331 - (100,879)	23,751,935 2,932,178 (2,125,073)	22,103,983 1,647,952
Balance, end of year	13,000,020	10,806,568	78,000	674,452	24,559,040	23,751,935
Accumulated amortization Balance, beginning of year Annual amortization Reassessment of previously consolidated entities	6,103,829 280,137 (119,503)	2,571,577		495,324 54,787 (52,423)	9,170,730 525,182 (171,926)	8,618,199
Balance, end of year	6,264,463	2,761,835		497,688	9,523,986	9,170,730
Net book value of tangible capital assets	6,735,557	8,044,733	78,000	176,764	15,035,054	14,581,205
2022 Net book value of tangible capital assets	8,683,727	5,327,332	290,139	280,007	14,581,205	

TsideIdel First Nation Schedule 2 - Consolidated Schedule of Expenses by Object For the year ended March 31, 2023

	2023 Budget (Note 16)	2023	2022
Consolidated expenses by object			
Salaries and benefits	2,296,720	2,588,837	2,711,356
Service contracts	923,303	2,170,270	709,003
Supplies	721,560	1,058,130	1,037,651
Travel	459,250	700,582	433,190
Social assistance payments	398,273	610,714	516,679
Allowances	301,765	362,844	313,919
Tuition	210,323	229,014	300,442
Professional fees	112,537	189,847	188,416
Utilities	141,177	149,333	139,876
Lease and rental	150,776	134,113	176,403
Insurance	103,825	132,694	161,176
Telephone	71,305	94,627	69,131
Honourarium	119,400	71,691	127,260
Bad debts	-	49,559	73,160
Community events	152,580	35,191	137,903
Other	127,884	34,878	37,709
Bank charges and interest	-	10,590	22,881
Interest on debt	65,052	9,805	61,588
Advertising and promotion	61	6,476	31,247
Office	2,000	4,284	41,740
Management fees	-	-	81,621
Office rent	-	-	18,000
Repairs and maintenance	-	-	22,511
Property tax	-	-	1,691
Cost of goods sold - Redstone Gas Bar	-	-	1,653,398
Subcontracts	-	-	13,820
Administration (recovery)	57,936	(78,039)	3,443
Amortization	-	525,182	552,531
	6,415,727	9,090,622	9,637,745

Tsideldel First Nation Nation Support

Schedule 3 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenses

		•	March 31, 2023
	2023 Budget (Note 16)	2023	2022
Revenue			
Indigenous Services Canada	291,019	424,960	636,463
First Nations Health Authority	22,850	34,941	280,386
Other revenue	1,257,988	1,573,432	1,366,947
Tsilhqot'in National Government	1,237,300	1,089,726	135,000
First Nation Education Steering Committee	_	206,196	236,426
Interest income	7,188	143,894	26,579
Rental income		·	
Rental income	26,796	101,055	90,319
	1,605,841	3,574,204	2,772,120
Expenses			
Salaries and benefits	606,425	639,581	765,910
Service contracts	355,453	609,320	462,180
Supplies	159,713	294,153	250,343
Travel	60,703	134,179	78,036
Professional fees	43,360	57,524	43,883
Honourarium	88,900	49,938	92,030
		·	34,208
Telephone Utilities	25,800 24,260	48,746 39,542	33,119
Tuition			
	25,851	18,138	20,907
Insurance	18,981	18,053	33,305
Lease and rental	26,000	14,907	23,636
Other	64,262	7,555	10,432
Advertising and promotion	-	4,120	2,718
Office	1,000	3,944	2,869
Bank charges and interest	-	941	183
Interest on debt	6,120	-	-
Community events (reimbursement)	12,239	(22,575)	11,395
Bad debts (recoveries)	-	(66,210)	73,921
Administration recovery	(251,015)	(568,784)	(432,939)
Amortization	-	525,182	484,008
	1,268,052	1,808,254	1,990,144
Surplus before transfers	337,789	1,765,950	781,976
Transfers between programs	(11,002)	(7,964)	(503,847)
Annual surplus	326,787	1,757,986	278,129

TsideIdel First Nation Education

Schedule 4 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenses For the year ended March 31, 2023

	2023 Budget (Note 16)	2023	2022
Revenue Indigenous Services Canada	825,703	1,703,630	1,765,596
Rental income	-	-	1,000
Other revenue	164,773	140,035	206,546
	990,476	1,843,665	1,973,142
Expenses			
Salaries and benefits	609,727	649,973	488,570
Allowances	233,609	294,688	305,039
Supplies	256,786	269,358	159,644
Tuition	101,640	178,480	268,502
Administration	93,285	119,978	109,778
Service contracts	117,697	83,513	55,251
Travel	111,383	82,708	94,403
Utilities	32,150	48,048	35,299
Insurance	30,000	32,680	29,633
Professional fees	21,000	13,566	14,651
Lease and rental	6,590	9,924	9,702
Community events	85,800	6,665	59,982
Telephone	8,050	4,411	7,629
Other	-	2,229	4,739
Honourarium	20,000	-	1,540
Advertising and promotion	61	-	595
	1,727,778	1,796,221	1,644,957
Surplus before transfers Transfers between programs	(737,302)	47,444 -	328,185 (37,080)
Annual surplus (deficit)	(737,302)	47,444	291,105

Tsideldel First Nation Social Assistance

Schedule 5 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenses For the year ended March 31, 2023

	For	the year ended N	March 31, 2023
	2023 Budget (Note 16)	2023	2022
Revenue			
Indigenous Services Canada	590,027	1,122,102	824,621
Other revenue	193,645	377,420	234,409
	783,672	1,499,522	1,059,030
Expenses			
Social assistance payments	398,273	605,625	510,859
Salaries and benefits	214,048	292,904	196,983
Travel	16,000	122,236	46,354
Allowances	68,156	68,156	-
Supplies	38,649	64,595	81,252
Service contracts	32,710	55,100	42,741
Lease and rental	36,836	35,336	33,221
Administration	23,961	31,395	36,569
Community events	38,251	29,166	22,044
Tuition	15,132	14,695	-
Professional fees	-	10,600	8,600
Telephone	6,592	4,481	5,827
Other	30,000	2,710	548
Honourarium	10,000	1,200	150
Utilities	· -	25	-
Insurance	-	-	14,367
	928,608	1,338,224	999,515
Surplus before transfers Transfers between programs	(144,936) -	161,298 (481)	59,515 -
Annual surplus (deficit)	(144,936)	160,817	59,515

TsideIdel First Nation Capital

Schedule 6 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenses For the year ended March 31, 2023

	2023 Budget (Note 16)	2023	2022
Revenue			
Indigenous Services Canada	3,556,201	3,658,859	1,042,090
Other revenue	95,387	117,684	111,675
Rental income	29,785	53,614	15,454
	3,681,373	3,830,157	1,169,219
Expenses			
Service contracts	54,920	354,768	79,052
Salaries and benefits	120,227	206,469	151,587
Supplies	41,003	198,466	195,408
Administration	20,571	121,945	84,890
Bad debt	· -	63,114	· -
Insurance	17,910	42,492	26,938
Travel	6,000	39,132	14,403
Utilities	67,500	37,153	42,366
Professional fees	· •	16,394	9,858
Lease and rental	6,000	11,259	7,304
Other	33,622	10,502	6,923
Community events	2,500	10,490	41,176
Bank charges and interest	-	8,215	-
Telephone	1,200	4,992	4,461
Tuition	10,000	2,927	661
Advertising and promotion	-	2,354	-
Honourarium	-	1,053	1,088
Allowances	-	-	8,880
Social assistance payments	-	-	1,302
Interest on debt	16,440	-	-
	397,893	1,131,725	676,297
Surplus before transfers Transfers between programs	3,283,480 -	2,698,432 (2,625)	492,922 -
Annual surplus	3,283,480	2,695,807	492,922

TsideIdel First Nation Social Housing (recovery)

Schedule 7 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenses For the year ended March 31, 2023

	For the year ended March 31, 202			
	2023 Budget (Note 16)	2023	2022	
Revenue				
Indigenous Services Canada	-	530,308	275,558	
Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation	52,460	69,516	52,460	
Rental income	46,317	99,287	75,527	
Other revenue	204	204	202	
Tsilhqot'in National Government	<u>-</u>	-	100,000	
	98,981	699,315	503,747	
Expenses				
Service contracts (recovery)	6,080	54,148	(100,139)	
Bad debt (recovery)	-	52,655	(4,512)	
Professional fees	2,120	49,783	4,000	
Supplies	19,080	26,494	5,081	
Travel	-	15,381	-	
Salaries and benefits	2,000	11,798	1	
Insurance	10,580	10,292	10,408	
Interest on debt	42,492	9,805	10,295	
Lease and rental	-	7,347	-	
Administration	2,800	2,800	5,300	
Office	1,000	138	_	
Other	-	7	4	
Utilities	-	-	2,549	
	86,152	240,648	(67,013)	
Surplus (deficit) before transfers	12,829	458,667	570,760	
Transfers between programs	-	2,887	-	
Annual surplus	12,829	461,554	570,760	

Tsideldel First Nation Economic Development

Schedule 8 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenses

	2023 Budget (Note 16)	2023	2022
Revenue			
Indigenous Services Canada	33,675	33,675	67,309
Earnings from investment in Nation partnerships	, <u>-</u>	1,355,205	586,743
Cariboo Chilcotin Aboriginal Training Employment Centre	288,710	288,710	288,710
Tsilhqot'in National Government	, <u>-</u>	130,000	, -
Other reimbursements (recoveries)	5,000	80,000	423,918
Redstone Gas Bar	, <u>-</u>	´ -	2,139,261
Operational costs recovery	-	-	218,889
Rental income	-	-	10,958
ATM	-	-	4,746
Gain on forgiveness of debt	-	-	8,437
Interest income	-	-	[′] 79
Gain (loss) on disposal of business entities	-	-	(23,223
	327,385	1,887,590	3,725,827
Evmanaaa			
Expenses Service contracts	33,675	690 000	20 501
Administration	33,675	689,000 61,110	29,581 74,473
Honourarium	-		
	-	19,500	31,852 283,108
Salaries and benefits	-	9,861	
Supplies Professional face	-	9,130	17,569
Professional fees Travel	-	6,541 3,796	36,673 7,054
	-	·	7,034
Community events Bank charges and interest	<u>-</u>	3,150 1,433	22,699
Lease and rental	-	1,433 1,293	7,200
	-	521	26,474
Insurance Office	-	202	38,770
Subcontracts	-	202	13,810
Office rent	_	-	18,000
Other	_	_	9,556
Management fees	_	_	81,621
Purchases	_	_	1,653,398
Utilities	_	_	2,415
Interest on debt	_	_	51,293
Bad debts	_	_	3,752
Repairs and maintenance	<u>_</u>	_	22,511
Advertising and promotion	-	-	27,934
Property tax	-	_	1,691
Tuition	-	_	268
Telephone	-	_	482
Amortization	<u> </u>		68,523
	33,675	805,537	2,530,707
Surplus before transfers	293,710	1,082,053	1,195,120
	233./ IU	1.004.000	1,130,120

346,365

1,082,056

1,566,120

Annual surplus

TsideIdel First Nation Health

Schedule 9 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenses For the year ended March 31, 2023

	2023 Budget (Note 16)	2023	2022
Revenue			
First Nations Health Authority	1,490,427	2,061,975	1,616,573
Other revenue	71,561	612,222	55,155
Tsilhqot'in National Government	136,846	139,196	109,221
Rental income	34,800	23,670	29,273
	1,733,634	2,837,063	1,810,222
Expenses			
Salaries and benefits	744,293	778,251	825,198
Service contracts	322,768	324,421	140,338
Travel	265,164	303,150	192,940
Supplies	206,329	195,934	328,355
Administration	168,334	153,517	125,373
Lease and rental	75,350	54,047	95,341
Professional fees	46,057	35,439	70,752
Telephone	29,663	31,998	16,524
Insurance	26,354	28,656	20,051
Utilities	17,267	24,565	24,128
Tuition	57,700	14,775	10,105
Other	-	11,875	5,507
Community events	13,790	8,296	3,306
Social assistance payments	-	5,089	4,518
Honourarium	500	-	600
Office	-	-	102
	1,973,569	1,970,013	1,863,138
Surplus (deficit) before transfers	(239,935)	867,050	(52,916)
Transfers between programs	(41,653)	8,180	169,927
Annual surplus (deficit)	(281,588)	875,230	117,011